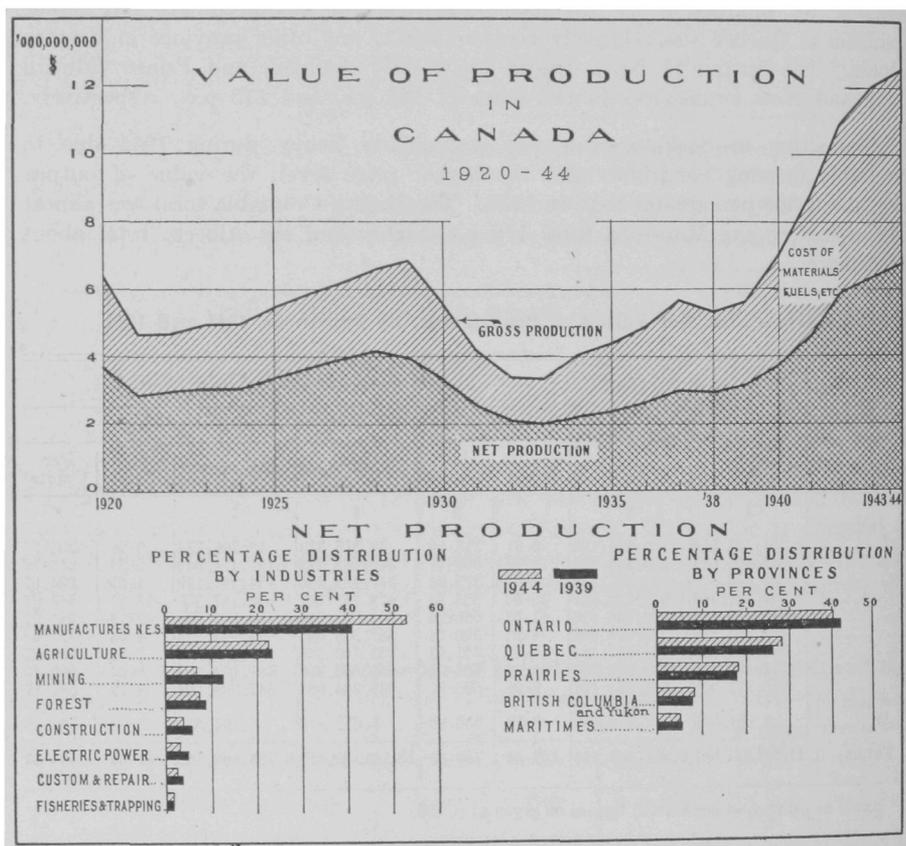


Section 3.—Leading Branches of Production in Each Province

Maritime Provinces.—The predominance of farming as a source of income is apparent in Prince Edward Island, accounting for 61 p.c. of the income of that Province in 1944. In Nova Scotia, the total output of manufactures was 49 p.c. of the net production of the nine groups operating in the Province. Manufacturing as a whole constituted 46 p.c. of the net output of New Brunswick, while forestry, including sawmilling and pulp and paper, accounted for 31 p.c.

Quebec.—The production of manufacturing plants amounted to 71 p.c. of the provincial total; agriculture produced 11 p.c., indicating the marked disparity between the two main industries of the Province.



Ontario.—In Ontario, the outstanding position of manufactures in the field of production is evident from the records. After eliminating the processing industries, the share of manufacturing in 1944 was somewhat greater than two-thirds of the total. The predominance of the group was accentuated during the war period.

Prairie Provinces.—The advance in the output of agriculture and manufactures was the determining factor in the wartime contribution of Manitoba, the relative importance of the two main groups in 1944 having been 46.9 p.c. and 38.5